TOWN OF COLFAX, LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 1/13/10

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ROZIER, HARRINGTON & MCKAY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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M. DALE HARRINGTON, CPA RETIRED - 2005

December 21, 2009

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Gerald Hamilton, Mayor and the Board of Aldermen
Town of Colfax, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Colfax, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Colfax's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Colfax, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2009 on our consideration of the Town of Colfax, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government

Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the accompanying table of contents are not a required part of the financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Colfax's basic financial statements. The general fund schedule of expenses – budget and actual and the combining financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The general fund schedule of expense – budget and actual, and the combining financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

ROZIER, HARRINGTON & MCKAY

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Certified Public Accountants

ROZIER, HARRINGTON & MCKAY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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December 21, 2009

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Gerald Hamilton, Mayor And the Board of Alderman Town of Colfax, Louisiana

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Colfax, Louisiana (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Colfax's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2009-1.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Colfax's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Colfax's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Colfax's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Town of Colfax's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Town's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Town's internal control. We consider the deficiencies, Finding 2009-1 described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Town of Colfax's internal control.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management in a separate letter dated December 21, 2009.

This report is intended for the information of management. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

ROZIER, HARRINGTON & McKAY

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Certified Public Accountant

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2009

This section of the Town of Colfax's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Town's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Overview of Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. These two types of financial statements present the Town's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

Government - Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These report all revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Furthermore, the government-wide statements include all of the Town's assets (including infrastructure acquired after July 1, 2003) and all of the Town's liabilities (including long-term debt).

The government-wide financial statements are divided into two categories, which are described as follows:

- Governmental Activities Expenses incurred in connection with providing basic services including police protection, fire protection, culture, recreation, public works, and general administration are reported as governmental activities. The governmental activities are financed by taxes, license fees, fines, court cost, interest, grants, and contributions.
- Business-Type Activities Expenses associated with providing utility services are recovered through fees paid by the customers that utilize these services. These activities are operated in a manner similar to commercial enterprises. Accordingly, activities associated with the utility system and sanitation services are reported as business type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information regarding the Town's most significant activities and are not intended to provide information for the Town as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that are used to account for specific sources of funds. The Town has two types of funds that are described as follows:

Governmental Funds — These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions that are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, the governmental funds use a modified accrual basis of accounting that provides a short-term view of the Town's finances. Assets reported by governmental funds are limited to amounts that are

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2009

available for current needs. In addition, liabilities are limited to amounts that are expected to be paid from currently available assets.

Proprietary Fund – These funds are used to account for activities that function in a
manner similar to commercial enterprises, including activities associated with the
Town's utility system and sanitation services. Proprietary fund financial statements
typically provide a more detail presentation of the information reported in the businesstype activities portion of the government-wide financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the Town as a Whole

A comparative analysis of government-wide data is presented as follows:

Net Assets

A condensed version of the government-wide Statement of Net Assets is presented as follows:

	1	Govern- mental ctivities	Business- Type Activities	Total	Ye	For the ar Ended
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$	252,655	\$.173,645	\$ 426,300	\$	503,360
Capital assets		483,142	2,354,197	2,837,339		2,948,819
Total assets		735,797	2,527,842	3,263,639		3,452,179
Liabilities:						
Current and other liabilities		43,821	143,364	187,185		293,635
Long-term liabilities		12,967	61,405	74,372		59,765
Total liabilities		56,788	204,769	261,557		353,400
Net Assets:						
Invested in Capital Assets (Net)		483,142	2,354,197	2,837,339		2,948,819
Unrestricted		195,867	(31,124)	164,743		149,960
Total Net Assets	\$	679,009	\$ 2,323,073	\$ 3,002,082	\$	3,098,779

As the presentation appearing above demonstrates, the largest portion of the Town's net assets (94.5%), are invested in capital assets. Net assets invested in capital assets consist of land, buildings, and equipment less any debt used to acquire the assets that remain outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these amounts are not available for future spending. The remaining unrestricted net assets (5.5%) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2009

Changes in Net Assets

A condensed version of the government-wide Statement of Changes in Net Assets is presented as follows:

		June 30, 2009		
	Govern- mental	Business- Type		For the Year Ended
	Activities	Activities	Total	June 30, 2008
Revenues:				
Program Revenue:				
Charges for Services	\$ 24,525	\$ 846,105	\$ 870,630	\$ 900,745
Operating Grants and				
Contributions	61,564	Am.	61,564	83,165
Capital Grants and				
Contributions		45,000	45,000	11,213
General Revenue:				
Property Taxes	73,737	****	73,737	73,510
Sales Taxes	281,060		281,060	287,292
Franchise Taxes	65,746		65,746	63,778
Occupational Licenses	91,140		91,140	89, 619
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	6,823	Marri	6,823	6,823
Miscellaneous	23,367	6,031	29,398	31,091
Total Revenue	627,962	897,136	1,525,098	1,547,236
Program Expenses:				
General Government	229,213		229,213	234,633
Public Safety	184,383		184,383	172,972
Streets, Drainage, and	-		-	•
Recreation	233,538	·	233,538	265,260
Utility System	-	907,560	907,560	956,970
Sanitation		67,101	67,101	55,813
Total Expenses	647,134	974,661	1,621,795	1,685,648
Increase in Net Assets				
Before Transfers	(19,172)	(77,525)	(96,697)	(138,412)
Transfers	8,247	(8,247)		
Change in Net Assets	(10,925)	(85,772)	(96,697)	(138,412)
Net Assets Beginning	689,934	2,408,845	3,098,779	3,237,191
Net Assets Ending	\$ 679,009	\$ 2,323,073	\$ 3,002,082	\$ 3,098,779

Governmental activities decreased the Town's net assets by \$10,925. This decrease is due to depreciation expense of \$77,404.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2009

Business-type activities decreased the Town's net assets by \$85,772. This decrease is due to depreciation expense of \$110,378.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

An analysis of significant matters affecting the Town's funds is presented as follows:

- The Town's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$208,834, which represents an increase of \$42,580 in comparison to the previous balance. This increase is attributable to transfers in from other funds of \$8,247 and revenues in excess of expenditures of \$34,344.
- In the current year the Town's governmental funds consisted entirely of the Town's general fund balance of \$208,834.
- Amounts reported for business-type activities in the Town's individual funds are identical to the business-type activities reported on the government-wide presentation.

General Fund Budget Highlights

The general fund is the only fund required by law to adopt a budget. The budget was amended as necessary. Some revisions of the original budget were necessary in order to address additional expenditures incurred. A summary of the general fund budget compared to actual amounts is presented as follows:

	_	Budget A	mo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Total Revenues	\$	500,940	\$	538,940	\$ 627,962	\$	89,022			
Total Expenditures		692,560		681,460	593,618		87,842			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures		(191,620)		(142,520)	34,344		176,864			
Operating Transfers In (net)		135,000		95,000	8,247		(86,753)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(56,620)	\$	(47,520)	\$ 42,591	\$	90,111			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2009

Capital Asset Administration

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009, is summarized as follows:

	1	lovern- mental ctivities		usiness- Type ctivities	Total
Additions:					
Improvements to Utility System	\$		\$	24,507	\$ 24,507
Miscellaneous		26,521		25,273	51,794
Total Additions		26,521		49,780	76,301
Depreciation		(77,404)		(110,377)	(187,781)
Net Increase (Decrease)		(50,883)		(60,597)	(111,480)
Beginning Capital Asset (Net)		534,025	2	,414,794	2,948,819
Ending Capital Assets (Net)	\$	483,142	\$ 2	,354,197	\$ 2,837,339

Highlights of the Town's capital asset administration are provided as follows:

- Improvements to the Town's utility system were for improvements and adjustments made to the water bypass system. These improvements were funded through the Louisiana Government Assistance Program.
- Miscellaneous additions to the Utility system in the current year include the purchase and installation of an Emergency Power Generator for the water distribution system which was funded through the Louisiana Government Assistance Program.
- Miscellaneous additions for Governmental activities in the current year were the purchase of 4 new computers and a printer for the office staff and a Ford truck for the streets department.

Factors Expected to Effect Future Operations

No events and conditions are expected to have a significant influence on future operations.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

	ernmental	siness-Type Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 161,924	\$ 107,997	\$ 269,921
Receivables (net)	72,476	77,771	150,247
Interfund Receivable	15,983	(15,983)	-
Prepaid insurance	2,272	3,860	6,132
Non depreciable capital assets	207,068	6,232	213,300
Depreciable capital assets, net	 276,074	 2,347,965	 2,624,039
Total assets	 735,797	 2,527,842	 3,263,639
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	15,805	37,453	53,258
Accrued expenses	15,970	9,393	25,363
Deposits due others	-	96,518	96,518
Deferred Revenue	12,046	-	12,046
Long-term liabilities			
Due in more than one year	12,967	 61,405	 74,372
Total liabilities	 56,788	 204,769	 261,557
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	483,142	2,354,197	2,837,339
Unrestricted	 195,867	 (31,124)	 164,743
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ 679,009	\$ 2,323,073	\$ 3,002,082

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		- - -	Total		(229,213)	(159,858)	(171,974)	(561,045)		(84,798)	1,242	(83,556)	(644,601)	1			73,737	281,060	65,746	91,140	6,823	29,398	•	547,904
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	Business-	Type	Activities		6∕3	•		'		(84.798)	1,242	(83,556)	(83,556)				•	ı	•	,	•	6,031	(8,247)	(2,216)
Net (Ex Chan		Governmental	Activities		\$ (229,213) \$	(159,858)	(171,974)	(561,045)		•		•	(561,045)				73,737	281,060	65,746	91,140	6,823	23,367	8,247	550,120
	Capital	Grants &	Contributions			•	B	ı		45.000		45,000	\$ 45,000											SIS
Program Revenues	Operating	Grants and	Contributions		, 59	•	61,564	61,564		1	1		\$ 61,564		721					censes	oftaxes			enues and Transfe
ď		Charges for	Services		, 6 9	24,525	•	24,525		777.762	68,343	846,105	\$ 870,630		General Revenues:	Taxes:	Ad Valorem	Sales Taxes	Franchise	Occupational Licenses	Payment in lieu of taxes	Other	Transfers	Total General Revenues and Transfers
		1	Expenses		\$ 229,213	184,383	233,538	647,134		907.560	67,101	974,661	\$ 1,621,795		O1								Ţ	L
				Governmental Activities:	General Government	Public Safety	Streets, Drainage, & Recreation	Total Governmental Activities	Bustane Tune Anthities	Utility System	Sanitation	Total Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government											

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(96,697) 3,098,779 3,002,082

(85,772) 2,408,845 2,323,073

(10,925) 689,934 679,009

Change in Net Assets Net Assets Beginning Net Assets Ending

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds - June 30, 2009

Assets		General	Non-l Fu	Major nds	Total Governmental Funds			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	161,924	\$	_	\$	161,924		
Receivables (net)	•	72,476	Ψ.	_	Ψ	72,476		
Interfund Receivable		15,983				15,983		
Prepaid Insurance		2,272				2,272		
Total assets	\$	252,655	\$		\$	252,655		
Liabilities and fund equity								
Liabilities:								
Accounts and other payables	\$	15,805	\$	-	\$	15,805		
Deferred Revenues		12,046		-		12,046		
Accrued expenses		15,970				15,970		
Total liabilities		43,821				43,821		
Fund equity:								
Unreserved - Reported In								
General Fund		208,834		-		208,834		
Capital Projects Fund		**						
Total fund equity		208,834				208,834		
Total liabilities and fund equity	<u>\$.</u>	252,655	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	252,655		

Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Assets of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net <u>Assets</u>

Year Ended June 30, 2009

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	208,834
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of act assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		483,142
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore they are not reported in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet		(12,967)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	<u>s</u>	679,009

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2009

	 General Fund	Gove	Other rnmental unds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem	\$ 73,737	\$	-	\$	73,737
Sales tax	281,060		-		281,060
Licenses and permits:					
Occupational licenses	91,140		-		91,140
Franchise	65,746		-		65,746
Other permits	1,470		-		1,470
Intergovernmental:					
Federal funds	5,431		-		5,431
State funds	51,032		-		51,032
Local funds	5,101		-		5,101
Beer tax	5,657		-		5,657
Payment in lieu of taxes	6,823		-		6,823
Other	 40,765				40,765
Total revenues	 627,962				627,962
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	219,596		-		219,596
Public safety	167,974		-		167,974
Streets, drainage, and recreation	179,527		11		179,538
Capital outlays	 26,521				26,521
Total expenditures	 593,618		11		593,629
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 34,344		(11)		34,333

Continued...

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2009 Concluded...

	General	Total Governmental Funds	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
expenditures	<u>34,344</u>	(11)	34,333
Other financing sources (uses):			
Operating transfers in	57,591	-	57,591
Operating transfers out	(49,344)		(49,344)
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,247		8,247
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over			
expenditures and other uses	42,591	(11)	42,580
Fund balance - beginning of year	166,243	11	166,254
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 208,834	\$	\$ 208,834

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the <u>Statement of Activities</u>

Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances of Governmental Funds	\$ 42,580
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current	
period. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as	(50,883)
expenditures by governmental funds.	 (2,622)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (10,925)

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Business-Type Activities						
	Utility		Non-Major				
	S	stem	Fu	nds	_	Total	
Assets							
Current Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	107,997	\$	-	\$	107,997	
Receivables (net)		70,650		7,121		77,771	
Interfund Receivable		-		105		105	
Prepaid Insurance		3,292		568		3,860	
Total current assets		181,939		7,794	_	189,733	
Noncurrent Assets:							
Land		6,232		-		6,232	
Depreciable capital assets, net	2	,347,189		776		2,347,965	
Total noncurrent assets		,353,421		776	_	2,354,197	
Total assets	2	,535,360		8,570		2,543,930	
Liabilities and fund equity						•	
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts and other payables		37,152		301		37,453	
Interfund Payable		16,088		_		16,088	
Accrued expenses		8,621		772		9,393	
Deposits due others		96,518		-		96,518	
Compensated Absences		60,956		449	_	61,405	
Total liabilities		219,335		1,522		220,857	
Net Assets:							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2	,353,421		776		2,354,197	
Unrestricted		(37,396)		6,272	_	(31,124)	
Total net assets	\$ 2	,316,025	\$	7,048	<u>\$</u>	2,323,073	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Business-Type Activities						
	Utility			Non-			
	System			Major	or Tota		
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for services:							
Gas sales	\$	378,339	8	-	\$	378,339	
Water sales		248,573		-		248,573	
Sewer charges		122,589		-		122,589	
Sanitation charges		-		68,343		68,343	
Delinquent charges		28,261		-		28,261	
Miscellaneous		3,901				3,901	
Total operating revenues		781,663		68,343		850,006	
Operating Expenses:							
Natural gas purchases		204,751		-		204,751	
Salaries and wages		248,958		44,023		2 92,9 81	
Materials, supplies, and maintenance		118,671		3,933		122,604	
Office and postage		10,691		-		10,691	
Payroll taxes		16,824		3,335		20,159	
Retirement		13,165		2,917		16,082	
Vehicle and travel		18,751		3,202		21,953	
Insurance		34,813		9,056		43,869	
Professional fees		21,879		-		21,879	
Sewer expense		1,983		-		1,983	
Miscellaneous		10,830		230		11,060	
Lease		7,125		•		7,125	
Utilities and telephone		89,146		•		89,146	
Depreciation		109,973		405		110,378	
Total operating expenses		907,560		67,101		974,661	
Operating income (loss)		(125,897)		1,242		(124,655)	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):							
Capital Grant Proceeds		45,000		•		45,000	
Interest income		2,130				2,130	
Change in net assets before							
Contributions and transfers		(78,767)		1,242		(77,525)	
Contributions and Transfers:							
Operating Transfers In		49,344		-		49,344	
Operating Transfers Out		(56,219)		(1,372)		(57,591)	
Change in net assets		(85,642)		(130)		(85,772)	
Total net assets - beginning		2,401,667		7,178		2,408,845	
Total net assets - ending	<u>\$</u>	2,316,025	\$	7,048	\$	2,323,073	

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Business-Type Activities					
	Utility System	Non-Major Funds	Total			
Cash flow from operating activities:						
Cash received from customers	\$ 855,206	\$ 68,257	\$ 923,463			
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services	(657,344)	(23,288)	(680,632)			
Cash payments to employees for service	(234,893)	(43,597)	(278,490)			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(37,031)	1,372	(35,659)			
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:						
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	(105)	-	(105)			
(Decrease) increase in due to other funds	11,248	-	11,248			
Operating transfers, net	(6,875)	(1,372)	(8,247)			
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital						
financing activities	4,268	(1,372)	2,896			
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(49,780)	_	(49,780)			
Capital Grant Proceeds	45,000	-	45,000			
Net cash provided (used) by capital and						
related financing activities	(4,780)		(4,780)			
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest and other income	2,130		2,130			
Net cash provided (used) by investing						
activities	2,130		2,130			
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(35,413)	-	(35,413)			
Beginning cash balance	143,410		143,410			
Ending cash balance	107,997	•	107,997			
Cash - restricted						
Cosh - unrestricted	\$ 107,997	<u>s - </u>	\$ 107,997			

Statement of Gash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds - Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Business-Type Activities						
	Utility		Nor	Non-Major			
		System		Funds		Total	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash							
Operating Income (loss)	\$	(125,897)	\$	1,242	\$	(124,655)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation		109,973		405		110,378	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		73,779		(86)		73,693	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		84		(64)		20	
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable		(108,799)		(551)		(109,350)	
(Decrease) increase in accrued expenses		2,348		159		2,507	
(Decrease) increase in meter deposits		(236)		-		(236)	
(Decrease) increase in compensated absences		11,717		267		11,984	
Net each provided (used) by operating							
netivities	<u>\$</u>	(37,031)	<u>\$</u>	1,372	8	(35,659)	

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

For the years ended June 30, 2009 there were no investing, capital, and financing activities that did not result in cosh receipts or payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30. 2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Colfax, Louisiana (the Town) was incorporated under the provisions of the Lawrason Act and operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. The Town provides various services including public safety (police and fire), streets and drainage, recreation, public improvements, utility (gas, water, sewerage, and sanitation), and general administrative services.

The accompanying policies of the Town of Colfax, Louisiana, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

As the municipal governing authority, for reporting purposes the Town is considered a separate financial reporting entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (the Town), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 establishes criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Town of Colfax for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
 - The ability of the Town to impose its will on that organization, and/or
 - The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town.
- 2. Organizations for which the Town does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the Town.
- 3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Based upon the above criteria, the Town of Colfax has no component units for the year ended June 30, 2009.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize activities as either governmental activities or business-type activities, which are described as follows:

- Governmental activities involve government services that are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.
- Business-type activities rely on fees and charges for support and operate in a manner similar to private sector enterprises.

The government-wide and fund financial statements present the Town's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the Town as a whole. The effect of most inter-fund activity is eliminated from these financial statements. Furthermore, government-wide financial statements exclude any fiduciary activities which are reported in the fund financial statements.

Program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities consist of amounts that are directly associated with a governmental service or business-type activity. Program revenues include charges for services, fines, court cost, contributions associated with a particular function and most grants.

Fund Financial Statements

Funds are separate accounting entities that are designed to assist with demonstrating legal compliance and segregating transactions by activity. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. In addition, separate financial statements are presented for any fiduciary activities. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The Town's major funds are described as follows:

Governmental Funds

General fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund and is used to account for all governmental activities.

Proprietary Funds

Utility System – The utility fund is used to account for the operation of the Town's water, sewer, and natural gas system which are supported by user charges.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

Proprietary fund revenues earned in exchange for providing services is reported as operating income and revenue from other sources is reported as non-operating. Since proprietary funds operate in a manner similar to business enterprises, these funds follow certain pronouncements that are developed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) for business enterprises. However, the Town only applies those FASB pronouncements that were issued on or before December 30, 1989.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The basis of accounting and measurement focus used for various financial statement presentations are described as follows:

Financial Statement Presentation	Basis of Accounting	Measurement Focus
Government-Wide Financial Statements	Accrual Basis	Economic Resources
Fund Financial Statements:		
Governmental Funds	Modified Accrual Basis	Current Financial Resources
Proprietary Funds	Accrual Basis	Economic Resources
Fiduciary Funds	Accrual Basis	Economic Resources

Under the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus revenue is recognized when it is considered measurable and available. Revenue is considered available if it is collected within 60 days of year-end. In addition, expenses are generally recorded when a liability has been incurred; however, debt service, compensated absences, claims and judgements are recorded as expenses when payment is made. Furthermore, when the current financial resources measurement focus is used, amounts recorded as assets excluding capital assets and the acquisition of capital assets is treated as an expenditure. In addition, long-term debts are excluded from amounts reported as liabilities. Proceeds from issuing long-term debt are reported as another financing source and repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure.

Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue from certain non-exchange transactions cannot be properly measured prior to collection. Furthermore, it is not practical to determine the probability of collection resulting from certain non-exchange transactions such as traffic citations. Consequently, revenue from franchise taxes, fines, and court cost is not recognized until it is collected.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent resources that must be expended in a specific manner. Restrictions of this nature are imposed by various contractual obligations including grant agreements and bond covenants. In situations where it is permissible to spend restricted resources, the Town typically depletes the available restricted resources before consuming unrestricted resources.

Budget Practices

The Mayor prepares an annual budget for the Town's general fund. This budget is submitted to the Board of Aldermen and an approved budget is adopted before the beginning of each fiscal year. Amended budgets are prepared prior to the conclusion of each fiscal year. The amended budgets are prepared and approved in the same manner as the original budget.

The general fund budget presents revenue and expenditures on a basis which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. No annual budget is required for the Town's Utility Fund.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost including interest incurred during construction. Prior to July 1, 1989, there were few records supporting the cost; therefore, cost related to the Town's utility system is estimated based on information furnished by the Town's consulting engineers. Cost of buildings and equipment acquired prior to July 1, 1989, were estimated based on replacement cost.

Infrastructure capital assets consisting of streets, bridges, sidewalks, and drainage systems acquired before July 1, 2003, are excluded from capital assets. Depreciation associated with capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents (restricted and unrestricted) include all cash on hand, cash in bank accounts, certificates of deposit, and highly liquid investments. Credit risk associated with bank deposits is limited by requiring fiscal agent banks to pledge securities as required by State Law. Furthermore, interest rate risk associated with certificates of deposits is typically mitigated by purchasing instruments that mature in one year or less.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

Encumbrance Accounting

Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments to engage in future expenditures are referred to as encumbrances. Since encumbrances do not represent liabilities or current expenditures, encumbrances are not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation and compensatory pay have been accrued when incurred in the Proprietary Funds (using the accrual basis of accounting). These amounts relating to the Governmental Funds have been presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes all cash on hand, cash in bank, and certificates of deposit.

Interfund Transactions

Resources belonging to particular funds are commonly shared with other funds that need access to additional resources. When resources are provided without expectation of repayment, the transaction is reported as a transfer. Transfers are treated as a source of income by the recipient and as an expense or expenditure by the provider. If repayment is eventually expected to occur, interfund receivables and payables are recorded.

In preparing the government-wide financial statements, transfers are eliminated to present net transfers for governmental activities and business-type activities. In addition, interfund receivables and payables are eliminated to present a net internal balance for each type of activity.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2009, cash and cash equivalents totaled \$269,921 (book balance) and \$280,277 (bank balance). The book balance is considered unrestricted.

Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or by the pledge of securities held by the bank. The securities pledged are held in the name of the pledging bank in a custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At June 30, 2009, all deposits with financial institutions were fully covered by federal deposit insurance of \$250,000 and pledged securities with a market value of \$513,941.

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3), State law imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within ten (10) days of being notified by the Town that the pledging bank has failed to pay deposited funds on demand.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2009, consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Accounts Receivable					
Charges for Services	\$	H414	\$	82,967	\$ 82,967
Franchise Taxes		12,778			12,778
Other		81		1,694	1,775
Total Accounts Receivables		12,859		84,661	97,520
Due From Other Governmental Units					
Sales Taxes		51,219			51,219
Other		8,398			8,398
Total Due From Other Governmental Units		59,617			 59,617
Total Receivables		72,476		84,661	157,137
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts				(6,890)	 (6,890)
Net Receivables	\$	72,476	\$	77,771	\$ 150,247

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following are liabilities due in more than one year:

	Governmental Activities		ness-Type ctivities	 Гotal
Compensated Absences	\$	12,967	\$ 61,405	\$ 74,372

Changes in the Town's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2009, is presented as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	 dditions Reductions		Balance
Governmental Activities				
Compensated absences	\$ 10,344	\$ 2,623	\$	\$ 12,967

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

Business-Type Activities Compensated Absences	49,421	_	11,984	<u></u>		61,405	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 59,765	\$	14,607	\$		\$ 74,372	

NOTE 5 – AD VALOREM TAXES

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using assessed values determined by the Tax Assessor of Grant Parish.

Ad valorem taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied by the Town in September or October and are actually billed to the taxpayers in late November or December.

Billed taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. Revenues from ad valorem taxes are budgeted in the year billed.

For the year ended June 30, 2009, the Town levied 10.62 mills of ad valorem taxes totaling \$73,737 which were dedicated to the general corporate purposes of the Town.

NOTE 6 - FIXED ASSETS

Changes in the governmental and business-type capital assets are presented as follows:

	Beginning	•		Ending
	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Non Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 207,068	\$	_\$	\$ 207,068
Total	207,068			207,068
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings	47,076			47,076
Improvements	706,246			706,246
Equipment	377,161	26,521		403,682
Accumulated Depreciation	(803,526)	(77,404)	h	(880,930)
Total	326,957	(50,883)		276,074
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 534,025	(50,883)	\$	\$ 483,142

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

Business-Type Activities							
Non Depreciable Capital Assets							
Land	\$	6,232	<u>\$</u>		_\$		<u>\$ 6,232</u>
		6,232					6,232
Depreciable Capital Assets						,	
Sanitation Equipment		37,254					37,254
Sanitation Improvements		2,024					2,024
Utility Buildings		5,380					5,380
Utility Equipment	•	169,754		25,274			195,028
Utility Distribution System	5,	067,322		24,507		****	5,091,829
Accumulated Depreciation	(2,	873,172)		(110,378)			(2,983,550)
Total	2,	408,562		(60,597)			2,347,965
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,	414,794	\$	(60,597)	\$		\$2,354,197

Depreciation expense reported by the various functions is presented as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 6,995
Public Safety	16,409
Streets, Drainage, & Recreation	 54,000
Total Depreciation – Governmental Activities	\$ 77,404
Business-Type Activities	
Utility System	\$ 109,973
Sanitation	405
Total Depreciation - Business-Type Activities	\$ 110,378

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 7 – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

The following is a summary of accounts payable and accrued expenses at June 30, 2009:

	Payable to Vendors			ccrued xpenses	Total		
Governmental Activities							
General Fund	\$	15,805	<u>\$</u>	15,970	_\$_	31,775	
Business-Type Activities							
Utility System		37,152		8,621		45 ,773	
Non-Major		301		772		1,073	
Total Business-Type		37,453		9,393		46,846	
Total Accounts Payable							
And Accrued Expenses		\$53,258		\$25,363		\$78,62 1	

NOTE 8 – COMPENSATION OF ELECTED OFFICIALS

Payments to the Board of Aldermen for the year ended June 30, 2009, were as follows:

	Position	Ar	nount
Gerald Hamilton	Mayor	\$	14,400
Alan Futrell	Alderman		4,200
David Clark	Alderman		4,200
Lourain Lacour	Alderman		4,200
Lorraine Sapp	Alderman		4,200
Cora Reed	Alderman		4,200
		\$	35,400

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town of Colfax is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks of loss are covered by a comprehensive commercial insurance policy and participation in a public entity risk pool that operates as a common insurance program. Claims resulting from these risks have historically not exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 10 – CONDUIT DEBT

To provide for the construction of a warehouse/distribution facility, land and infrastructure improvements, the Town of Colfax issued \$2,300,000 of indebtedness to the Louisiana Department of Economic Development. This debt is a limited special obligation of the Town, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of rental income to be received from a lease agreement between the Town and Ditto Apparel of California, Inc. This debt does not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the Town, and accordingly has not been reported in the accompanying financial statements.

At June 30, 2009, the balance of the debt outstanding aggregated \$1,400,000.

NOTE 11 - TRANSFERS

In the ordinary course of business, the Town routinely transfers resources between its funds in order to cover expenses as necessary. The transfers are presented as follows:

Governmental Activities	T1	ransfers In	Tı	out Out	Net Transfers	
Governmental Activities	-					
General Fund	\$	57,591	\$	49,344	\$	8,247
Total Transfers In		57,591		49,344		8,247
Business-Type Activities	_	•				
Utility System		49,344		56,219		(6,875)
Non-Major		-		1,372		(1,372)
Total Transfers Out		49,344		57,591		(8,247)
Net Transfers	\$	8,247	\$	(8,247)	\$	

NOTE 12 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES:

In the ordinary course of business, the Town routinely records an interfund receivable and payable from the utility system to the sanitation in order to properly record sanitation revenues. These receivables and payables are paid off at the end of each month. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the interfund balance between the funds was \$15,983.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

NOTE 13- PENSION PLAN

Substantially all employees of the Town of Colfax, Louisiana, are members of the Municipal Employees Retirement Systems of Louisiana. This system is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees. Pertinent information relative to the plan follows:

Plan Description. The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All employees of the municipality are members of Plan B.

All permanent employees working at least 35 hours per week who are not covered by another pension plan and are paid wholly or in part from municipal funds and all elected municipal officials are eligible to participate in the System. Under Plan B, employees who retire at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service at or after age 55 with at least 30 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 2 percent of their final average monthly salary in excess of \$100 for each year of creditable service. Furthermore, employees with at least 10 years of creditable service, but less than 30 years, may take early retirement benefits commencing at or after age 60, with the basic benefit reduced 3 percent for each year retirement precedes age 62, unless he has at least 30 years of creditable service. In any case, monthly retirement benefits paid under Plan B cannot exceed 100 percent of final average salary. Final average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statue.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Louisiana, 7937 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, or by calling (225) 925-4810.

Funding Policy. Under Plan B, members are required by state statue to contribute 5.0 percent of their annual covered salary and the Town of Colfax is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Contributions to the System also include one-fourth of one percent (except Orleans and East Baton Rouge parishes) of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town of Colfax are established and may be amended by state statue. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statue 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year.

General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual
Year Ended June 30, 2009

	D. 1-1 4				A =4 :=1		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Budget Amounts			Actual				
		Original	_	Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes								
Ad valorem	\$	73,000	\$	73,000	\$	73,737	\$	737
Sales taxes		275,000		275,000		281,060		6,060
License and pennits								
Occupational licenses		55,000		55,000		91,140		36,140
Franchise fees		65,000		65,000		65,746		746
Other permits		-		<u>-</u>		1,470		1,470
Charges for services		3,825		3,825		4,095		270
Intergovernmental								
Beer taxes		4,000		4,000		5,657		1,657
Tobacco taxes		2,400		2,400		•		(2,400)
Payment in lieu of taxes		5,215		5,215		6,823		1,608
Other	_	17,500		55,500		98,234		42,734
Total revenues		500,940		538,940		627,962		89,022
Expenses:								
General government		373,800		425,300		219,596		205,704
Public Safety		125,660		125 ,660		167,974		(42,314)
Streets, Drainage, and Recreation		117,500		95,500		173,550		(78,050)
Recreation		25,600		10,000		5,977		4,023
Capital Outlay		50,000		25,000		26,521	_	(1,521)
Total Expenses		692,560	_	681,460	_	593,618	_	87,842
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(191,620)		(142,520)	_	34,344		176,864
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in		135,000		135,000		57,591		(77,409)
Operating transfers out			_	(40,000)	_	<u>(49,344</u>)	_	(9,344)
Total other financing sources (uses)		135,000		95,000	_	8,247		(86,753)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and								
other financing sources over								
expenditures and other uses		(56,620)		(47,520)		42,591		90,111
Fund balance - beginning of year		200,982		166,243	_	166,243	_	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	144,362	\$	118,723	\$	208,834	\$	90,111

General Fund Schedule of Expenses - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Budget ,	Amo	unts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
General Government:		311B11101		* 13141		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[Indepartor
Salary - Elected Officials	\$	35,400	\$	35,400	\$	35,400	\$ -
Salaries - office		49,400	Φ	49,400	.5	39,715	9,685
Payroll Taxes		21,500		21,500		19,228	2,272
Equipment Maintenance		25,000		22,000		9,259	12,741
Gas and Oil		35,000		45,000		5,024	39,976
Office and Printing		16,500		16,500		13,904	2,596
Utilities and Phone		75,000		100,000		34,322	65,678
Insurance		47,000		47,000			47,000
Dues and Subscriptions		3,000		3,000		1,277	1,723
Miscellaneous		18,500		22,000		13,209	8,791
Professional Fees		24,000		36,000		33,635	2,365
Mayor's Expense		1,000		1,000		22,022	1,000
Other Labor		1,500		1,000		-	1,000
Travel and Seminar		7,500		12,000		11,459	541
Retirement		6,000		6,000		3,164	2,836
Sales tax administration		7,500		7,500		-	7,500
Duios par advissing and s		.,,,,,,	_	1,000			
Total General Government		373,800		425,300		219 <u>,</u> 596	205,704
Public Safety:							
Police Department Salaries		100,000		100,000		111,344	(11,344)
Police Department Expenses		16,000		16,000		21,606	(5,606)
Retirement-Police		9,660		9,660		-	9,660
Repairs & Maintenance		_		-		5,786	(5,786)
Gas & Oil		-		-		13,332	(13,332)
Utilities and Telephone		_				3,592	(3,592)
Insurance		-		_		12,314	(12,314)
Total Public Safety .		125,660	_	125,660		167 ,9 74	(42,314)
Streets, Drainage, and Recreation: Streets and Drainage							
Salaries		80,000		68,000		64,397	3,603
Supplies and Materials		32,500		22,500		24,913	(2,413)
Aloha-Rigolette Maintenance		5,000		5,000		5,000	.,,,
Repairs and Maintenance				_		6,665	(6,665)
Gas and Oil		-		-		17,328	(17,328)
Utilities and Telephone		-		-		40,409	(40,409)
Insurance		<u> </u>		-		14,838	(14,838)
Total Streets and Drainage		117,500		95,500		173,550	(78,050)

Continued...

General Fund Schedule of Expenses - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Streets, Drainage, and Recreation (cont.):				
Recreation				
Ball Parks/Parks & Recreation	5,000	2,000	825	1,175
Festivals and Parades	3,500	3,500	3,358	142
Summer Youth Program	12,600	_	-	-
Recreations Program	4,500	4,500	1,794	2,706
Total Recreation	25,600	10,000	5,977	4,023
Total Streets, Drainage, and Recreation	143,100	105,500	179,527	4,023
Sanitation: Salaries	_	<u>.</u>	-	-
Supplies and Materials				<u> </u>
Total Sanitation				
Capital Outlay:				
Equipment	30,000	_	-	-
Other	20,000	25,000	26,521	(1,521)
Total Capital Outlay	50,000	25,000	26,521	(1,521)
Total Expenses	\$692,560	\$ 681,460	\$ 593,618	\$ 87,842

Summary of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2009

Part I - Summary of Auditor's Results:

- The Independent Auditor's Report on the general purpose financial statements for the Town of Colfax, Louisiana, as of June 30, 2009, and for the year then ended expressed an unqualified opinion.
- The results of the audit disclosed one instance (2009-1) of noncompliance that is considered to be material to the financial statements of the Town of Colfax.
- The audit disclosed an audit finding (2009-1) which is required to be reported as a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.
- The Town is not required to have a Single Audit; reporting required by OMB Circular A-133 is not required.

Part II - Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards:

 Finding 2009-1 – Legislative Auditor Compliance Review. Unresolved items remain from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor compliance review, dated October 29, 2008 and their Checklist of Best Practices.

Part III - Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards Which Shall Include Audit Findings as Defined by OMB Circular A-133:

None.

Management's Corrective Action Plan June 30, 2009

SECTION I INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

Finding 2009-1 – The Legislative Auditor issued a compliance review, dated October 29, 2008. In addition, the Legislative Auditor applied their *Checklist of Best Practices*, and the following noted items still remain unresolved:

- 1. Natural Gas Losses: "Management to continue its efforts to identify the causes of the natural gas losses."
- 2. Written Policies: "For the Town to develop and implement written policies" in the following areas:

Purchasing Procedures Credit cards Travel Expenses Time Cards Traffic Tickets

- 3. Festival and parade expenditures: In two areas we were asked to "consult the Town's legal advisor about the legality of these expenditures." These expenditures included the Pecan Festival and the Christmas parade.
- 4. Past Due Accounts: The recommendation was that "management

Management's Response:

We have addressed this comment below in the management letter section.

For each of the areas shown to the left, we agree that we do not have written policies. However, we do have long-standing established procedures that we follow. We have three employees in the administrative office that have been employed for many years with the Town and they have developed standard procedures which they follow each day. We have turned this matter over to our finance committee and they have begun the process of developing our written procedures.

We have turned both of these issues over to our legal counsel for advice on the legality of these expenditures. We are still awaiting his advice on these issues.

We have addressed this comment below in the management letter section. See ML 2-2009.

Management's Corrective Action Plan June 30, 2009

develop and enforce a uniform cut-off policy."

- Vacation and sick leave records: The recommendation was that "the Town require its employees to complete standardized annual and sick leave forms."
- 6. Reporting Traffic Violations: The recommendation was that "the Town should comply with state law and report traffic violations with DPS."
- 7. Capital Assets: The recommendation was "that a complete physical inventory of capital assets be taken and any discrepancies with the inventory be investigated."
- 8. Confiscated evidence: The recommendation was that the "Town police department improve its controls over confiscated evidence."
- 9. Organizational chart and job description: The recommendation was that the "Town develop organizational charts and that job descriptions be developed for each position."

This matter has been turned over to the Finance Committee to develop standardized forms. Presently, all employees report their vacation and sick leave time on time cards maintained by the payroll clerk.

We have been working with the Police Chief, the Finance Committee, and the Court Magistrate to develop written procedures to ensure future compliance.

Periodically an inventory is performed. We will schedule a physical inventory in the near future and investigate any differences.

We have asked the Police Chief to review his policies on confiscated evidence and implement written policies. We will periodically require the Chief to present reports to the Council on the status of any physical inventory counts.

This matter has been turned over to the Finance Committee. They are working on developing job descriptions and organizational charts. However, due to the size of the Town, we believe every employee is aware of who their supervisor is. In addition, any employee may talk with the Town Clerk or the Mayor for guidance.

Management's Corrective Action Plan June 30, 2009

SECTION II INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS

Not applicable.

Not Applicable,

SECTION III MANAGEMENT LETTER

ML-1-2009, Natural Gas Losses:

Over the six year period gas losses have ranged from 18.6% to 25.2%. Such losses are costly and may be dangerous to the public. Possible explanations for the loss of gas are leakage and/or worn out meters that do not accurately measure the amount of gas delivered to customers.

ML-2-2009, Utility Cutoff Procedures:

During our work on the Town's utility system, we noted that past due utility bills are still at a high level. We are concerned that these increases may be attributable to a lack of enforcing a uniform cutoff policy. Our test work also showed that some employees are slow to pay their bills. We recommend the Town strictly enforce a uniform cutoff policy.

We also noted that final bills that have not been paid by the customer are not being reported to a collection agency for possible collection.

ML-3-2009, Mileage Reimbursement:

During our work we became aware that the Town does not have a written policy regarding the use of Town vehicles.

Response:

We have engaged a specialist whose current findings should be helpful to alleviate some of the gas losses and who will continue to consult with us on gas related issues. We are and will continue to diligently work to resolve this issue.

Response:

We will review our cutoff policies and take any corrective action as deemed necessary. In addition we will continue reviewing accounts receivable reports & delinquent reports at each council meeting.

We will begin turning unpaid final bills over to collections.

Response:

The Town is working on a policy. A committee has been created for this purpose and is in the process of reviewing the current policies in effect and will take any corrective action as needed.

Summary of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2009

SECTION I INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

Finding 2008-1 — The Legislative Auditor issued a compliance review, dated October 29, 2008. In addition, the Legislative Auditor applied their *Checklist of Best Practices*, and noted the following items:

- 1. Natural Gas Losses: "Management to continue its efforts to identify the causes of the natural gas losses."
- 2. Financial Statements and Budget Comparison: "The clerk to present the board with monthly financial statements ...and budget comparisons" in addition to the monthly cash expense and accounts payable report.
- 3. General Fund Deficit Spending: "Management to prepare a written plan to reduce spending in the general fund."
- 4. Utility Fund Budget/Operating Losses: "An annual budget for the utility fund is prepared...and a written plan to eliminate operating losses be prepared."

Management's Response:

Unresolved. We have addressed this comment below in the management letter section.

Resolved. The Council is very involved and informed in the operations of the Town. The Council is provided quarterly budget comparisons and closely monitors the budget to ensure that budget violations do not occur. In addition, we have turned this matter over to our finance committee to determine what information they need each month to effectively manage the Town's finances.

Resolved. In the current year General Fund Revenues exceeded General Fund Expenditures by \$34,344.

Resolved. In the current year Utility Fund Expenditures exceed Revenue by \$78,767. This includes depreciation expense of \$109,973. The Finance Committee is aware of the issue and continues to monitor the utility fund expenditures. State Law does not require that a budget be prepared, adopted, or approved by the Town Council.

Summary of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2009

5. Accounting System Update: The "accounting system be updated to a fully computerized system."

- 6. Budget adoption instrument: "For the Town to adopt the annual budget and amended budgets by ordinance rather than by resolution."
- Written Policies: "For the Town to develop and implement written policies" in many areas.

Purchasing Procedures Credit cards Travel Expenses Time Cards Traffic Tickets Resolved. We presently have a computerized billing system and payroll system. The only non-computerized system is our general ledger which is posted and reconciled each month. In the current year the Town purchased new computers to move toward a computerized accounting system. The Town plans to implement a computerized accounting software system in the next year.

Resolved. The Town adopted the budgets in the current year by ordinance.

Unresolved. The finance committee is still working on the policy related to these issues. For each of the areas shown to the left, we agree that we do not have written policies. However, we do have long-standing established procedures that we follow. We have three employees in the administrative office that have been employed for many years with the Town and they have developed standard procedures which they follow each day. We have begun the process of developing our written procedures. This issue has been turned over to the finance committee to oversee the completion of these polices and procedures.

In addition to the information above we are working on implementing written policies for each of the additional items. We are currently working on the following for each of the additional items:

Purchasing procedures we do have purchase order system but we do not have a written

Summary of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2009

policy but this matter has been turned over to the finance committee.

We have begun requiring that travel reports be submitted.

We are reviewing our current time card procedures to ensure that all employees prepare and sign their own time cards and that the time cards are approved, by the employee's supervisor.

We are working with the Elected Police Chief in addition to the Finance Committee on establishing the policy for ticket book controls.

8. Festival and parade expenditures: In two areas we were asked to "consult the Town's legal advisor about the legality of these expenditures." These expenditures included the Pecan Festival and the Christmas parade.

Unresolved. We have turned both of these issues over to our legal council for advice on the legality of these expenditures.

 Customer Utility Accounts: The recommendation was "that management reconcile the general ledger control account with the accounts receivable subsidiary account each month and investigate the difference." Resolved. The Town has begun reconciling the General Ledger Control Account to the subsidiary ledger.

10. Past Due Accounts: The recommendation was that "management develop and enforce a uniform cut-off policy."

Unresolved. We have addressed this issue in finding ML-2-2009 below.

Summary of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2009

11. Customer Meter Deposit: The recommendation is that "management reconcile the meter deposit cash account with the general ledger control account."

Resolved. We are reconciling the general ledger control accounts to the meter deposit cash account.

12. Computer backups and disaster recover:

Two recommendations were made that management develop a computer backup system, off site storage capabilities, disaster recovery plan, and review the Town's hardware and software needs and critical mission data

Resolved. We presently have a fireproof vault where all records are stored in. We have implemented a policy weekly backups.

13. Segregation of Duties: The recommendation was that "payroll duties be segregated to the extent possible."

Resolved. The town has reviewed its procedures and has segregated payroll duties to the extent possible due to the small staff size.

14. Vacation and sick leave records: The recommendation was that "the Town require its employees to complete standardized annual and sick leave forms."

Unresolved. This matter has been turned over to the Finance Committee to develop standardized forms.

15. Reporting Traffic Violations: The recommendation was that "the Town should comply with state law and report traffic violations with DPS."

Unresolved. We have been working with the Police Chief, the Finance Committee, and the Court Magistrate to develop written procedures to ensure future compliance.

16. Capital Assets: The recommendation was "that a complete physical inventory of capital assets be taken and any discrepancies with the inventory be investigated." Unresolved. Periodically an inventory is performed. We will schedule a physical inventory in the near future and investigate any differences.

Summary of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2009

- 17. Confiscated evidence: The recommendation was that the "Town police department improve its controls over confiscated evidence."
- Unresolved. We have instructed the Police Chief to review his policies on confiscated evidence and implement written policies. We will periodically require the Chief to present reports to the Council on the status of any physical inventory counts.
- 18.Organizational chart and job description:
 The recommendation was that the
 "Town develop organizational charts
 and that job descriptions be developed
 for each position."

Unresolved. This matter has been turned over to our Finance Committee. They are working on developing job descriptions and organizational charts. However, due to the size of the Town, we believe every employee is aware of who their supervisor is. In addition, any employee may talk with the Town Clerk or the Mayor for guidance.

SECTION II INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS

No Findings of this nature.

No response necessary.

SECTION III MANAGEMENT LETTER

ML-1-2008, Natural Gas Losses:

Over the three year period gas losses have ranged from 18.7% to 25.2%. Such losses are costly and may be dangerous to the public. Possible explanations for the loss of gas are leakage and/or worn out meters that do not accurately measure the amount of gas delivered to customers.

Response:

Unresolved. We have engaged a specialist whose current findings should be helpful to alleviate some of the gas losses and who will continue to consult with us on gas related issues. We are and will continue to diligently work to resolve this issue.

Summary of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2009

ML-2-2008, Utility Cutoff Procedures:

During our work on the Town's utility system, we noted that past due utility bills are still at a high level. We are concerned that these increases may be attributable to a lack of a uniform cutoff policy. Our test work also showed that some employees are slow to pay their bills. We recommend the Town establish and enforce a uniform cutoff policy.

We also noted that final bills that have not been paid by the customer are not being reported to a collection agency for possible collection.

ML-3-2008, Mileage Reimbursement:

During our work we became aware that the Town does not have a written policy regarding the use of Town vehicles.

Response:

Unresolved. We have begun the process of adopting a uniform cut off policy.

We will begin turning unpaid final bills over to collections.

Response:

Unresolved. The Town is in the process of reviewing the current policies in effect and will take any corrective action as needed.